Waverley Abbey Mathematician

All things are possible for one who believes – Mark 9:23.

At Waverley Abbey, we want all children to be confident, capable and enthusiastic learners who are passionate about mathematics. Through a positive and caring environment, we provide the opportunity for all pupils to reach their full potential with a wide range of learning experiences across all areas of the subject.

In mathematics, we want to empower our pupils by gifting them with the ability to think, learn, reason, problem-solve, persist and experiment – all life skills for the future. We strive to give pupils the ability to function with independence and autonomy in Maths and are there to support them on their journey.

National Curriculum:

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/335158/PRIMARY_national_curriculum_-_Mathematics_220714.pdf

		Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Topics	Aut 1	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value
tudied		Addition and Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction	4 calculations
	Aut 2	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division	Multiplication and Division	Fractions
		Multiplication and Division	Area	Fractions	Converting Units
	Spring 1	Multiplication and Division	Multiplication and Division	Multiplication and Division	Ratio
		Length and Perimeter	Length and Perimeter	Fractions	Algebra
		Statistics			Decimals
	Spring 2	Fractions	Fractions	FDP	FDP
		Measure – Mass and Capacity	Decimals	Decimals	Area, perimeter and Volume
				Perimeter and Area	Statistics
				Statistics	
	Sum 1	Fractions	Decimals	Shape	Shape
		Money	Money	Position and direction	Position and Direction
		Time	Time	Decimals	
	Sum 2	Shape	Shape	Negative Numbers	Consolidation
		Statistics	Statistics	Converting Units	
			Position and Direction	Volume	
Key skills		Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
to					
progress					

Number and Place Value	Counting	•count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number.	 count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers 	 count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers, including through zero 	•use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
	Place Value	 recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number compare and order numbers up to 1000 	 recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number order and compare numbers beyond 1000 round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 	 read, write, order and compare numbers up to 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 	 read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
	Representing number	 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words 	 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and place value 	 read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³) 	
Addition and Subtractio n	Number Facts				
	Mental Addition and Subtraction	•add and subtract numbers mentally, including: HTO+O, HTO+T and HTO+H		 add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers 	•perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
	Written Addition and Subtraction	•add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction	 add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate 	 add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods 	
	Addition and Subtraction problems	 estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers solve problems, including 	 estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction 	•use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	

Multiplicat ion and Division	Number Facts	missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction •recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables	 two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why •recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12 	 solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers 	•identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
				 know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19 	
	Mental Multiplication and Division	•write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental methods	 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations 	 multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 	•perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
	Written Multiplication and Division	•Progress to formal written methods calculations as above	•multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout	 multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context 	 multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting

					remainders according to context
	Multiplicati on and Division problems	•solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.	•solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects	 solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates 	 use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy
Fractions	Recognising Fractions	 count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10 	 count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten. 	•recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number	
	Comparing Fractions	 compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators 	 recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions 	 compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths 	 use common factors to simplify fractions use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1
	Finding fractions of qualities	 recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators recognise and use fractions 	•solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non- unit fractions where the answer is a whole number		

	as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators			
Calculations with Fractions	•add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7]	•add and subtract fractions with the same denominator	 add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams 	 add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form divide proper fractions by whole numbers
Decimals as fractional amounts		 recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths recognise and write decimal equivalents to ¼, ½ and ¾ find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths 	•read and write decimal numbers as fractions	 associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places
Ordering Decimals		 round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places 	 recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places 	
Calculating with Decimals				 multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places multiply one-digit number with up to two decimal places by whole numbers use written division methods in

					cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
	Percentages			•recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred', and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal	•solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
	Fraction Problems	•solve problems using all fraction knowledge	•solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places	 solve problems involving number up to three decimal places solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of ½, ¼, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5 and those fractions with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25 	 solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts.
Other Number and Algebra	Ratio and Proportion				 solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples.
	Algebra				 use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

Shape, Space and Measure	Measures	•measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g); volume/capacity (I/mI)	•Convert between different units of measure estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence	 convert between different units of metric measure understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints estimate volume and capacity 	 solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and
	Monguration				vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places convert between miles and kilometres
	Mensuration	•measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes	•measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	 measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes 	 recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm3) and cubic metres (m3), and extending to other units.
	Money	•add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts		•use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation, including scaling	
	Time	•tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24- hour clocks •estimate and read time	 Convert between different units of measure (e.g. Hours to minutes) read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks solve problems involving 	•solve problems involving converting between units of time	

	with increasing accuracy to	converting from hours to minutes;		
	the nearest minute; record	minutes to seconds; years to		
	and compare time in terms	months; weeks to days		
	of seconds, minutes and			
	hours; use vocabulary such			
	as o'clock, a.m./p.m.,			
	morning, afternoon, noon			
	and midnight			
	 know the number of 			
	seconds in a minute and the			
	number of days in each			
	month, year and leap year			
	compare durations of events			
Shape	 identify horizontal and 			•illustrate and name parts of
Vocabulary	vertical lines and pairs of			circles, including radius, diameter
	perpendicular and parallel			and circumference and know that
	lines			the diameter is twice the radius
Properties of 2D Shapes	•draw 2-D shapes	•compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals	•use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing	 draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
		and triangles, based on properties	lengths and angles	compare and classify geometric
		and sizes	 distinguish between regular and 	shapes based on their properties
		•identify lines of symmetry in 2-D	irregular polygons based on	and sizes
		shapes presented in different	reasoning about equal sides and	
		orientations	angles.	
		•complete a simple symmetric		
		figure with respect to a specific line		
		of symmetry.		
Properties of 3D Shapes	•make 3-D shapes using modelling materials recognise 3-D shapes in		 identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations 	•recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
	different orientations and			•find unknown angles in any
	describe them			triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
Angles	•recognise angles as a	•identify acute and obtuse angles	 know angles are measured in 	•recognise angles where they meet
	property of shape or a	and compare and order angles up	degrees: estimate and compare	at a point, are on a straight line, or
	description of a turn	to two right angles by size	acute, obtuse and reflex angles	are vertically opposite, and find
	•identify right angles,		•draw given angles, and measure	missing angles
1	recognise that two right		them in degrees (°)	

		angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn •identify whether angles are greater or less than right angle		 identify angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°); at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) identify other multiples of 90° 	
	Position and Direction		 describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon 	•identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	 describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants) draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes.
Statistics	Interpreting Data	 interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables 	•interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs	•complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables	•interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs calculate and interpret the mean as an average
	Extracting Information from Data	•solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables	•solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs	•solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	•use pie charts and line graphs to solve problems
Links to Scho	ool values	 Compassion - Children w Honesty – Children will s honest with adults when they Courage – Children will c Hope – Children will not 	how honesty when self-assessing their Ma need help or support.	r-marking work or working as a group to ach aths and working out what they need to do t choose challenges which they know will push	to improve their maths further. They are