## Year 6 Four Operations Knowledge



# subtraction

- subtract
- · minus
- leave
- · less
- take away
- · difference between

### multiplication \* · lots of times

- multiply
- groups ofproduct
- multiplied by





## division

- · divided by
- · divided into share
- · share equally · equal groups of







## Add and Subtract Whole Numbers

#### Column Method

	4	5	8	6	4
+	2	3	4	9	7
	6	9	3	6	1
		1	1	1	

Starting with the ones, add each column in turn. Regroup tens, hundreds, thousands, ten thousands as required.

	3	5	67	<sup>13</sup> /4	¹2′
-		3	4	7	6
	3	2	2	6	6

Starting with the ones, subtract each column in turn. Exchange tens, hundreds, thousands and/or ten thousands as required.

## Multiply up to 4-digit by 2-digit

1	3	2		
	1	5	4	Start with the ones
×		2	6	154 × 6 = 924
	9	2	4	154 × 20 = 3080
3	0	8	0	3080 + 924 = 400
4	0	0	4	
1	1			
				•

#### **Short Division**

Start from the left.

12	5	<sup>5</sup> 2	4 <sup>4</sup> 8	6	5 60	5 ÷ 12 = 0 r5 52 ÷ 12 = 4 r4 48 ÷ 12 = 4 6 ÷ 12 = 0 r6
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### **Long Division**

		1		0	r	3
14	1	6	8	3		
	1	4	0	0		
		2	8	3		
		2	8	0		
				3		

#### **Common Factors**

Factors of 48

1	2	3	4	6	8	12	16	24	48

Factors of 30

1	2	3	5	6	10	15	30

Common factors: 1, 2, 3, 6

### Common Multiples

Multiples of 3

3	 18	21	24	 39	42

Multiples of 7

7   14   21   28   35   42
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Common multiples: 21, 42...

#### **Primes Squares and Cubes**

A prime number has only 1 and itself as factors: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19, 23, 29, 31, 33, 37, 41, 43

A composite number has factors other than 1 and itself.

Square numbers result from a number being multiplied by itself (e.g.  $5 \times 5 = 25$ ):

1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100

Cube numbers result from a number being multiplied by itself twice  $(2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8)$ : 1, 8, 27, 64, 125

#### Order of Operations

В	Brackets	10 × (4 + 2) = 10 × 6 = 60
0	Order	$5 + 2^2 = 5 + 4 = 9$
D	Division	10 + 6 ÷ 2 = 10 + 3 = 13
M	Multiplication	10 - 4 × 2 = 10 - 8 = 2
Α	Addition	10 × 4 + 7 = 40 + 7 = 47
S	Subtraction	10 ÷ 2 - 3 = 5 - 3 = 2

## **Reason from Known Facts**

 $90 \div 10 = 9$  so  $90 \div 20 = 4.5$  and  $90 \div 5 = 18$ 

 $16 \times 9 = 144$  so  $1.6 \times 9 = 14.4$ 

4352 ÷ 17 = 256

so 256 × 18 = 4352 + 256 = 4608

3786 + 2850 = 6636

so 4786 + 2850 = 7636

and 2786 + 3850 = 6636

and 8636 - 3786 = 4850

## Mental Calculations and Estimation

#### Order of calculations:

 $50 \times 34 \times 2 = 50 \times 2 \times 34 = 100 \times 34 = 3400$ 

Money: £8.99 + £3.49 = £12.48

Use £9 + £3.50 = £12.50 and subtract 2p

Estimate on a number line



Subdivide line to estimate: 17